

## Safeguarding Key Points

### Definitions

1. protecting children from maltreatment; (aka child protection)
2. preventing impairment of children's health or development; (aka supporting vulnerable children)
3. ensuring that children grow up with the provision of safe and effective care;
4. taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

### Systems

1. Child Protection Policy and Code of conduct
2. Ethos and DSL
3. Safer Recruitment & Staff Training (everyone must read Part 1 of KCSIE and Annex A)
4. Safer Perimeter
5. Curriculum (esp PSHE) to enable better judgement of risks and taking appropriate actions to stay safe

### Responsibilities

1. work with social care, the police & health services to promote the welfare of children and protect them from harm.
2. provide a safe environment in which children can learn.
3. identify children who may be in need of extra help or who are suffering, or are likely to suffer, significant harm
4. then take appropriate action, working with other services as needed.
5. be aware of the signs of abuse and neglect (Recognise, Record & Respond but don't Investigate or Resolve)

### Types of Abuse (Maltreatment):

1. Physical Abuse
2. Emotional Abuse
3. Sexual Abuse
4. Neglect

### Every Child Matters Outcomes

1. Stay safe
2. Be healthy
3. Enjoy & Achieve
4. Make a positive contribution
5. Achieve economic well being

### Threshold Levels

1. Universal
2. Vulnerable: disadvantaged children who would benefit from extra help
3. Complex: unlikely to maintain satisfactory development (ie Children in need)
4. Acute: at risk of significant harm

### Ofsted Three Core Areas

1. Identify: are staff identifying the right children and how do they do that?
2. Help: what timely action do staff take & how well do they work with other agencies?
3. Manage: how do staff manage their statutory responsibilities

### Specific Safeguarding Issues

1. CSE (Child Sexual Exploitation)
2. Bullying
3. Domestic violence
4. Drugs
5. Fabricated illness
6. Faith Abuse
7. FGM (Female Genital Mutilation)
8. Forced marriage
9. Gangs & youth violence
10. VAWG (violence against women and girls)
11. Mental Health
12. Private fostering
13. Radicalisation (the PREVENT duty)
14. Sexting
15. Teenage relationship abuse
16. Trafficking
17. Children missing from education (CME)